Christian History;

Containing Accounts of the Propagation and Revival of Religion in Great Britain, America, &c.

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Saturday JULY 21. 1744. § Nº 73.

Account of the Revival of Religion at LYME West Parish in Connecticut, finished.

PON the whole, I am perfuaded there has been a wonderful Work of God's Grace among us, and in many other Places where I have been acquainted; and the Sorrows and Joys that have been to common, were produc'd in general by the Operations of the Holy Spirit upon the Souls of Men .---- The Joys were the Joys of the Chriffian, and not wild, enthuliaftick Whims. I have met with few, among the Thousands that I have convers'd with (fome at home and others abroad) but cou'd give a rational Account of their Joys. The Foundation of them appear'd to be laid in Faith, which flow'd out in Praises to God; Self-abasement; godly Jealoufy, &c. I must confels that I am a Stranger to the religious Joys of new Converts among us, after the firecteft Inquiry, and long Observation, if these are not the Concomitants of their Joys. And the fame I may fay of others in other Places (some few excepted) where I have been most conversant with the Subjects of this Grace. Perhaps, if those that have set themselves to speak and write against the Times had acquainted themselves more intimately with the Subjects of theseSorrows and Joys, and depended less upon Accounts from those that never car'd to converse much with them, they wou'd have given juster Representations of these Things, and not have born falle Witness against the glorious Work of the late Day of Grace.

I ask Pardon for my taking up so much of your Time; and if you think it for the Glory of the Redeemer to suffer the whole or any Part of this Account to be publish'd; you

have my Consent. That you may have much of the Presence of God, and a great Bleffing attending your Labours in the Ministry, is the Prayer of,

> Your affectionate, unworthy Brother, JONATHAN PARSONS.

Attestation to the above Account by Richard Lord, Efg; and others of the Church in LYME West-Parish.

7E the subscribing Brethren of the first Church of Christ in Lyme, having heard our Rev. Pastor read over the preceeding Account of the Revival of Religion, and being much acquainted with the Subjects of the late Work, as also with the Circumstances of the most extraordinary Particulars related in the Account (i.e. those which relate to this Place) do give our Attestation to the Truth of the Account, so far as it respects this Place, according to the best of our Knowledge and Judgment; tho' we cant but be of Opinion that much more might have been added to show the Glory of it among us.

> Richard Lord Zechariah Marvin John Denison Moses Noyes Joseph Mather, the 3d.

Revival of Religion at SUTTON in the County of Worcester, in the Massachusetts-Province, about forty Miles to the Southward of the West from Boston : In a Letter from the Rev. Mr. HALL Paftor of the Church there, to the Rev. Mr. PRINCE.

Rev. Sir,

AS to the Matter, you was pleased some Months ago, to write to me about, respecting the Rise and Progress of the Work of God among us; more especially in the late remarkable Day, of the Lord's Vifitation of his People: I have drawn up a brief Account, which is as followeth.

It is more than fifteen Years fince I was fettled here in the Ministry: when there were about eighty Families in the Town. When I first came among this People which was in the the Year 1728 I was wholly unapprized of their Condition. both as to their moral and religious Character: But before I was ordain'd their Paftor the Scene opened it felf to my View, in fundry Respects, very dark and Melancholly: which fill'd me with many discouraging Apprehensions as to my setting with them: And a Sense of the Greatness of the Work in general, and of some peculiar Difficulties and Hazards attending my fetling among this People, plunged me into deep Diffress. But however some Days before my Ordination, I was made to hope, that as dark as Things now were, I should behold the Glory of the LORD in this Place, in the Advancements of the Kingdom of Grace among this People: and I believe it was from God. And I frequently have experienced Support and quickning from this Hope, in the midft of some very gloomy Passages of Providence, that have fince paffed over me.

There was foon after my fettling here, by the Favour of God, fome confiderable Abatement of that too common Prophaneness and some other vitious Practices visible among us. And within the Space of two Years we had a very large Addition to the Chuch more than doubling the Number of Communicants.

After this, there appear'd a gradual Abatement of religious Concern; and for the Space of five Years there was little Appearance of the Spirit of Conviction among this People. During this Term, a raging Fever swept away a considerable Number in a sudden and awful Manner. Yet few if any were observed to shift their Courses: The Filthy were falthy still; or rather growing more so, to Appearance: and a visible Symptom of a Spirit of slumbring attended Professors among us.

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In the Year 1735, the great Concerns of Religion, in some considerable Degree appeared to move upon the Hearts of many among us. At which Time it came into my Mind, (and I trust it was from God,) to visit the People of my Charge, and to apply my self particularly to every one that was arriv'd to Years of Understanding; that I might know the State of the Flock; and make particular Application to the Consciences of young and old among us.

This appeared to be attended with some very hopeful symptoms of Success.

At this Time, Family Meetings were fet up in four Parts of our Town.

Articles were also drawn up and subscribed by some, if not all of said Societies, by which each Neighbourhood or Family-Society, were obliged to attend the set Times of their Meetings which was once a Month: and also engaged themselves to exercise a most peculiar Watchfulness over each other; to be free in brotherly Admonition; and frequent in religious Conversation one with another, &c. A Number of young Men among us also about the same Time form'd themselves in a Society; to be Helpers of one another in the Way of the Kingdom of Heaven. At these Meetings they frequently had a Sermon preach'd to them. And some Things now began for a while to look hopeful among us.

These religious Meetings, were mostly, if not all continued, till the late remarkable Revival among us. Yet not so but that in about five Years space, the general Face of Religion among us was sunk down to a very low and melancholly

Ebb indeed.

God was pleas'd wonderfully to convince me of this, on the latter End of April 1740, and greatly to humble me; and with a most sweet and gracious band of Love drew out my Soul to look after my high Calling in Christ Jesus.

Now I was again at this Time filled with an encouraging Perfuasion, that I should behold the Power of Religion reviving among us in the Conversion of Souls to the Lord Jesus Christ. Together with this Persuasion, a most ardent Thirst, came upon me, that I might gain Souls for whom Christ died: To which End I longed for the Sanctuary. And from this Time I had more Knowledge than ever before, what it means to preach with the Spirit and with the Understanding also: altho' still attended with great Weakness.

Soon after this, we had Lectures here, usually once a Fortnight, to our young People. And the preaching of the

bleffed Gospel was, by times, my great Delight.

Our Assembly frequently appear'd very solemnly attentive; and kindly to accept, urgent and repeated Assurances of the necessity of a Resormation: but I could not presently perceive that the Word took any prevailing Hold upon their Hearts.

The Fall after this, the Rev. Mr. Whitefield preach'd in the neighbouring Town. I perceiv'd afterwards, that some

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of our People were brought under Conviction, by hearing the Word from him. And some few the Winter following, appear'd to remain under Concern: but in general there were great Symptoms of Hardness of Heart: and this appear'd more melancholly, because it was a Time of fore Mortality: for neither the Word nor Providences of God, to any genuine Appearance touched their Hearts. Upon which I told one of our Christian Brethren, (the Spring of the Year following,) that I had it in my Heart to go preach the Gospel at Smithfield, or in some Place where they had no Minister; for that I was upon the Point of despairing of Success among my own People.

But so it was, that the very next Sabbath following, I saw confiderable Tokens of the Goings of God in the Congregation: Our Assembly was generally swallowed up in Tears: and from this Time, I perceived a more general Concern fet upon the Countenances of this People. I had just been breathing out my Complaints, with a Who hath believed our Repart, &c. But now on a sudden there were some hopeful Symptoms of Life from the Dead: for fundry Persons came to me under Soul-Concern foon after. Some of which I have fince Reason to think were about that Time brought out of Darkness, into marvellous Light. Some of whom were foon after vifibly added to the LORD in the Way of his Communion among us. 10 1000

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Many appear'd under Concern; and great Attention, and greatSeriouinels hence-forward appear'd in our publicAffemblies, and usually much weeping. And blessed be God, a prevailing Check feem'd to fall upon many Kinds of Evil-Doers: and Tavern-Hauntings and Night-Affemblings of young People for wanton Pastime seem'd at once to disappear.

Upon the Election Day + following our young People defir'd a Sermon; which they had deliver'd them, from those Words John 25. 15. Chuse you this Day whom you will serve. And

⁺ For the Information of Strangers, observe that the last Wednesday in May annually, is the Day in the Massachusetts Province for the Election of his Majesty's Council for the Province for the Year enfuing: and this Day has been generally a Day of great Diversion through the

from after the Sun was down, I was inform'd that our public Tavern was clear of Town People both young and old.

In the Fall of this Year which was 1741, the Concern feem'd much to increase upon many People here both old and young, and sundry Persons more gave Grounds to hope they had received the Spirit of Adoption. But as for the generality, of such as had been brought under Conviction, and some Amendment of Life; they still appear'd under the Spirit of Bondage, and unexperienc'd as to any saving Work: which occasion'd me to write on September 20th, 1741, concerning the visible Appearance of Concern upon a frequently weeping Assembly, thus, "Many seem'd pierced with the Arrows of Conviction; but alas I have seen it often, while Convictions fall off and Israel remains ungathered! But I will wait upon God, who is able to work effectually. Oh! when shall it once be?"

The January following, there appeared hopeful Symptoms of a broken Spirit and a bleeding Heart. What I minuted down of that Date expresses thus,——" Many indeed speak trembling. I hope an Hundred Persons among us are in a deep Concern, &." A few Days after, thus,—— Sure I never needed more of the divine Help than now: many are pressing after Heaven, and many in great Distress.

Soon after this we had a comfortable Appearance of a confiderable Number offering to full Communion: they came as a Cloud and as Doves to their Windows. And my Time was now almost wholly taken up in discoursing with Perfons seeking the Way to Zion with their Faces thitherward.

About this Time the Rev. Mr. Edwards of Northampton; and the Rev. Mr. Parkman, and Mr. Prentice, Neighbour Ministers preach'd here: whose Labours among us God was pleas'd to smile upon for Good. During all this, we were not exercised with any public Out-cries in Time of publick Worship; altho' there might frequently be discover'd Perfons under a most deep and solemn Sense of the Truths held forth unto them.

It is observable how at this remarkable Day, a Spirit of deep Concern would seize upon Persons. Some were in the House, and some walking in the High-Way: some in the Woods, and some in the Field: some in Conversation, and some in secret Retirement: some Children and some adult, and some antient

antient Persons, would sometimes on a sudden be brought under the strongest Impressions from a Sense of the great Realities of the other World and eternal Things. But such Things, as far as I can learn, were usually if not ever, impressed upon Men while they were in some Sort exercising their Minds upon the Word of God or spiritual Objects. And for the most Part it has been under the public Preaching of the Word that these lasting Impressions have been fastned upon them.

Religious Societies were now fet up in feveral Parts of the Town to be held weekly. And reading, praying, finging Praises, and speaking one to another of their particular Experiences were frequently Means of Enlargement of Heart: and some where by this Means brought under Conviction who were before Strangers to the Power of Godliness.

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(Nevertheless the imprudent Conduct of a particular zealousPerson or two in going beyond the proper bounds of Duty and Decency in some of these Meetings, I do apprehend was very hurtful to the Progress of this blessed Work among us.)

Convictions in this remarkable Day of the Lord's Visitation appear'd to take hold of Men's Hearts with a permanent and prevailing Power: that many poor Sinners, were made to pant for Christ as the Hart panteth for the Water-Brooks; and I trust most of them found no Rest 'till they found a SAVIOUR.

We have had a confiderable Number visibly brought home that were before not only destitute of the Form of Godliness; but also fundry who were before of but a poor Character in Point of Morals.

And I have Reason to think a considerable Number of such were now bro't home to Christ who were before visible Prosessions.

In the Summer 1742, but few Persons were brought under Conviction: and from that Time to this Conversion, have not to Appearance been so frequent among us. Nevertheless in the Fall of the Year 1742, upon the Rev. Mr. Daniel Rogers's coming to us, we had a considerable Revival of the Work: at, and after which, the Spirit of Conviction seem'd for a while very powerful among our Children, from eight to twelve or fourteen Years of Age. A small Number of whom I would hope retain abiding Impressions. But most of them I fear are much the same they were before under Concern.

Also about this Time, public Cryings-out under Concern became fomething frequent among us for fome little Time: though indeed feldom when we had none but our own Congregation. But fuch Things being cautioufly guarded against. have never here become common. And in my Apprehension, the Gospel was attended with less Success afterwards, by Reafon of the Prejudices which many among us conceived against the Work, because of some public Adoe that they concluded ought to have been better guarded against than they were. But however, such Things, I am fully convinced, have been many Times altogether unavoidable, from the over-powering Views of the great Reality of the eternal World: and accordingly, that it is a great Fault in fuch Persons as have conceived fuch Prejudices against the Work of the Spirit of God, because some Persons under the Operation thereof in strong Convictions or Compunction, have loft the Command of their own Passions; and have discovered themselves when under the most proper Concern as to the Matter of it; yet thro' the Over-bearings thereof unable to command their own Faculties.

Although of late this Work of divine Grace has been under melancholly Abatements; yet I am not without Hopes that fome Souls have the Year paft been favingly united to Jefus Chrift. And there hath been very lately a comfortable Instance or two, to hopeful Appearance, that encourages me to hope still as for the latter Rain, and for the great Rain of

GOD's Strength in due Time.

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I was just now, observing something of this Work attending Children. So I would observe, that altho' the generality of such amongst us as have experienced this Work were between twenty and forty Years of Age; yet that there hath been several Instances of Persons older, yea, some of them very remarkable Instances; and one of about seventy-sive Years old; who lately, and about two Years after her Conversion, departed this Life with Joy and Triumph.

(To be finished in our next.)